

Efficient Reflectance Capture Using an Autoencoder: Supplemental Material

Kaizhang Kang, Zimin Chen, Jiaping Wang, Kun Zhou, Hongzhi Wu

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1 Appendix

The functions involved in the anisotropic GGX model are defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} D_{\text{GGX}}(\omega_{\mathbf{h}}; \alpha_x, \alpha_y) &= \frac{1}{\pi \alpha_x \alpha_y [(\frac{\omega_{\mathbf{h}} \cdot \mathbf{t}}{\alpha_x})^2 + (\frac{\omega_{\mathbf{h}} \cdot \mathbf{b}}{\alpha_y})^2 + (\omega_{\mathbf{h}} \cdot \mathbf{n})^2]^2}, \\ F(\omega_{\mathbf{i}}, \omega_{\mathbf{h}}) &= F_0 + (1 - F_0)(1 - \omega_{\mathbf{i}} \cdot \omega_{\mathbf{h}})^5, \\ G_{\text{GGX}}(\omega_{\mathbf{i}}, \omega_{\mathbf{o}}; \alpha_x, \alpha_y) &= G(\omega_{\mathbf{i}}; \alpha_{\mathbf{x}}, \alpha_{\mathbf{y}})G(\omega_{\mathbf{o}}; \alpha_x, \alpha_y), \end{aligned}$$

where

$$G(\omega; \alpha_x, \alpha_y) = \frac{2(\omega \cdot \mathbf{n})}{(\omega \cdot \mathbf{n}) + \sqrt{[(\omega_{\mathbf{o}} \cdot \mathbf{t})\alpha_x]^2 + [(\omega_{\mathbf{o}} \cdot \mathbf{b})\alpha_y]^2 + (\omega \cdot \mathbf{n})^2}}.$$

Here \mathbf{t}/\mathbf{b} represent the tangent / binormal. For the Fresnel term F , we use an index of refraction of 1.5 in all experiments.